

BUTTE NEWS.

COMING FROM DENVER

The Press Excursionists Travel in Special Sleepers.

GOOD WORDS FOR MONTANA

Members of the Gang Take Opportunity to Tell the Coloradoans a Few Things About This Great State.

The Montana editorial excursionists who went to Denver will arrive in Butte to-day on a special sleeper, according to a telegram received at the Union Pacific headquarters yesterday.

While in Denver the members of the party took occasion to get in a few good words for their state. The Rocky Mountain News has the following: "Secretary McMurray of the Anaconda Recorder says the timber at the Anaconda mines, if cut into inch boards, would pass around the globe one and a half times. The output is 4,000 tons daily, or enough to fill 200 cars. A vein of silver 100 feet wide, running 300 ounces in silver, is worked. The Anaconda Mining company employs 2,000 men and its monthly payroll is upwards of \$750,000. Anaconda is a city of 15,000 people and is experiencing a big building boom. The net proceeds from mining operations in the Butte district, for 1896, were \$7,286,700. For 1895 the total was only \$3,624,585. An effort is now being made to erect other smelters. In Anaconda, which will be as extensive as the Anaconda itself. The plant will be built by Marcus Daly, J. J. Hill and J. B. Haggin, for the Washoe Copper Mining company.

"I come from a great cattle district," said J. R. Widmeyer of the Glendive Independent. "We raise lots of grain, but there seems to be but little market for it. Pierre Wibaux, a Frenchman, is the biggest individual cattle owner in Montana. He controls over 50,000 head and will ship one-fifth of them this year."

"According to C. T. Shearer of the Helena Independent there is a general revival of quartz mining about Helena. The Diamond Hill near that city is said to be producing the largest and lowest-grade ore—iron from \$2 to \$6 to the ton—in the entire section. The Drum Lummon Mining company, limited, is erecting what will be the largest cyanide plant in Montana. Its capacity will be upwards of 400 tons. The Red Lion district, 30 miles west of Anaconda, is said to be waking up. This is the region in which Sam Snider's great find was made not very long ago. Speaking about the development about Helena, Mr. Shearer says a \$200,000 dam is being built across the Missouri river, 17 miles north of the city, which will be completed this fall. It will be for manufacturing purposes.

"Charles Heibronner of the Western Mining World says Butte camp is the largest in existence, and a 3,000-ton smelter has just been erected—one of the largest in the country. The Pony and Rochester districts are quoted as being lively with many new discoveries. The ore is almost exclusively gold.

"The Sand Coulee coal mines produce 3,000 tons every 24 hours," said Otto F. Schoenfeld of the Montana Herald. "and the Belt mines are nearly equal to them. In our country we have sandstone of 98 per cent. silica, which has been found to be excellent for plate glass. We have enough stone of this character to supply the world. Iron of all kinds for a radius of 100 miles around Great Falls is being found, also iron clay and aluminum clay. Water power generates our electricity to the extent of 10,000 horse power. At Great Falls we have a flour mill producing 500 barrels of flour a day, which is operated by electricity. The best flaring materials are found in the immediate vicinity of the city. We have the biggest wool market in the state, our product for 1896 being between six and seven million pounds. This will be exceeded this coming season.

"All the timber for the Butte mines is shipped from Missoula county, and H. O. Collins of the Missoulian says a mill is located at Bonner, with a capacity of from 150,000 to 200,000 feet each day.

"Charles Alderson, the manager of the Bozeman Avant Courier, is from an agricultural country, named by Professor Hayden the Egypt of America. Oats run 60 to 100 bushels to the acre. A few near Bozeman are the Montana College of Agriculture and Mechanics' Arts and the Montana experiment station. Mr. Alderson is a brother of M. W. Alderson, the inventor of the cyanide process of extracting gold from tin.

"J. R. Faulds speaks in glowing terms of the agricultural country near his town. The fruit valley is 35 miles long and 10 miles wide."

The Butte General Electric Co. have removed their office to 53 E. Broadway, opposite the old place.

Secure a portfolio to-day of the Corbett-Fitzsimmons fight. "The Fight of the Century."

Washington, June 29.—Gold reserve, \$100,000,572.

New York, June 29.—William F. Hoey ("Old Hoss"), died to-day at the home of his mother-in-law.

Washington, June 29.—The president will go to Canton Friday to visit his mother for a few days.

Washington, June 29.—Senator Pettigrew was on the floor in the senate to-day and was constantly interrupted by his colleagues on his speedy recovery.

Chicago, June 29.—The Clinton Lithographing company, one of the most extensive lithographing plants in the city, made an assignment to-day. The assets are nominally \$419,684; liabilities, \$104,42.

Aspen, Col., June 29.—At a depth of 1,900 feet a body of metallic ore that runs 21.6 ounces in silver has been struck in the Mollie Gibson mine. This discovery is what caused the stock to advance 20 cents yesterday.

Pittsburg, Pa., June 29.—Notwithstanding the denials of the local officials of the miners' association, an afternoon paper says the officers of the national union will issue orders to-morrow for a strike in five states.

Franklin, Ky., June 29.—The trial of Green Dilling, the negro charged with killing Jodie Conn, began this morning. The case is one of the most important state militia were present to protect the negro from the hands of the mob.

Omaha, June 29.—Judge Castel of the South Dakota district United States court has issued an order restraining the railroad commission of the state from putting into effect the maximum rate law passed by the late legislature of South Dakota.

Washington, June 29.—Information has reached the treasury department that a number of Chinese admitted to this country as participants in the Tennessee exposition are now being deported from Nashville for San Francisco and other cities, thus evading the spirit of the law authorizing their admission.

Omaha, June 29.—A special to the Bee from Deadwood, S. D., says: The posse in pursuit of the Belle Fourche bank robbers succeeded in surrounding them last night on a ranch 15 miles west of Belle Fourche. After exchanging many shots the bandits surrendered. Wires are down and particulars unobtainable.

Shafter Bros. stage for Silver Star, Iron Rod, Twin Bridge and Shreveport leaves Southern hotel, Butte, at 7:45 Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday mornings, arriving at Sheridan at 6 p. m.

Buy your suits or whatever you wear from head to foot from the Good Luck Shoe & Clothing Co. You may win one of the two wheels they will give away on the night of July 3d.

The Maguire Stock Company.

Special Dispatch to the Standard.

Missoula, June 29.—The success of the Maguire Stock company at the Union theater is much greater than had been expected, but is no more than the company deserves. The performances of the company wins friends each night. "The Bells of Shandon" was the piece to-night, and it was received with generous applause, the specialty acts being a surprise. Miss Kenyon and her supporters gave a combination much above what Missouri had looked for in a Montana company.

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PARROT OFFICERS.

E. D. Grant is Elected to the Office of General Manager.

The annual meeting of the directors of the Parrot Silver & Copper Mining company was held at the smelter yesterday afternoon, with all the trustees present. The resignation of J. E. Gaylord as secretary and general manager was read and accepted. The following officers were then elected for the ensuing year: President, Franklin Farrell; vice president, A. F. Wigdon; secretary and general manager, R. D. Grant; treasurer, J. P. Matthews. The directors are the president, vice president, secretary and treasurer and Thomas Wallace of Connecticut, A. M. Holter of Helena and A. J. Davis of this city.

The election of Mr. Grant as general manager is construed to mean that there will be a change in the present working force of the company.

\$29.75, think of it, for an elegant, high arm machine, new, light wood finish, at Sherman's, 125 E. Park street.

On Monday, July 5, the Montana Union will make a rate of \$1 between Butte and Anaconda. Tickets will be good on all trains.

HOTEL REGISTER.

The Butte—C. R. Gilbert and wife, Ike Heibronner, R. E. Halslop, Butte; Miss Sylvia Hall, Seattle; Sam H. Crawford, G. M. Fenner, Mrs. B. W. Conner, W. A. Behrens, George C.

PENSIONS AND TARIFF

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The tariff bill was then taken up and the paragraph relating to watch movements, clocks, etc., was perfected by striking out the clauses on watches and on jewels for making watches and confining the paragraph to those articles not made of china, porcelain, etc. The foregoing changes led to extended opposition from Vest and Jones.

Lodge answered that the watch industry had been revolutionized by American machinery. We made watches so much better and cheaper that no handmade watch could compete with them. Now the Swiss makers had bought American machinery and operated it with comparatively cheap labor. Lodge exhibited Swiss watches which he purported to be American make and as such were invading the American market.

Pineapples were changed to 7 cents per cubic foot in barrels and packages and 4¢ per bushel in bulk. Yes, asked what climatic and sanitary reason justified this heavy duty. Allison responded that Florida produced pineapples, and great pressure had been brought to bear for adequate protection.

"Where did the pressure come from?" asked Bacon.

"I cannot give specifications," responded Allison, "but I will say it comes from both sides of the chamber. The Florida senators, Mallory and Pasco, explained the recent development of the pineapple industry in Florida, which led Gray to say, in an animated response, that it would have been better had Florida been left in primeval simplicity if their use for raising pineapples was to be followed by a tax on the bulk of the people.

Lead ore and lead in pigs were then considered. Allen speaking at length against the tariff. The tariff on lead ore was 1½ cents a pound on lead ore, because, as he said, it would operate to keep out fluxing ores of Mexico and Canada, that were necessary to the American smelters, some of which are located in Allen's state.

Carter explained, in response to inquiries by Allen, that the house rates had been especially favorable to "white lead, the product of the lead trust, whereas the senate rates decreased the benefits to the producers of the ore. He argued that the committee rates were essential to equalize the difference between the wages of lead miners in the United States and Mexico. He said that this was a conflict between the lead smelters and the lead mines, and both interests were heavily represented in his state. But his vote would be cast in behalf of the consumer, and not for either of the parties conflicting interests. If his state expected these interests to be defended as against those of the people, the great mass of consumers of lead, then some one must take his place here. He would not give votes, even though two-thirds of the people of Missouri were just asking if it violated his ideas of justice and equity. Vest said he would move later on to reduce the duty on lead ore from 1½ to 3¢, and if a party would not be glad to go further and see it on the free list.

The committee rates on lead ore (1½ cents per pound) were agreed to, 39 to 23. Helffer, Mantle and Teller voted with the opposition in the affirmative, and Allen with the democrats in the negative.

In pig lead the rate was increased from 2 to 2½ cents a pound, the duty of 2½ cents on lead in shape, as maintained by the tariff commission, was changed as heretofore agreed upon by the finance committee, and the substitute for paragraph 182 (mica) was agreed to. Paragraph 182 (mica) was changed from 1 to 3¢ of a cent per pound. The remainder of the paragraph being unchanged.

Tillman was then recognized for a speech in support of the following amendment to the bill: That there shall be collected a head tax of \$100 on all immigrants coming to the United States by land or water, provided that this section shall only remain in force until silver shall be admitted to our coinage at the ratio of 16 to 1. Tillman spoke of the rapid spread of pauperism, as shown by the statistics of the jails and prisons. It was time, he said, to keep platform promises, to do something for the laboring man, to keep the half million immigrants arriving annually. He spoke of the miserable condition of the coal miners of Pennsylvania and read from official reports, saying many miners were compelled to live like beasts. And this, he exclaimed, Tillman derisively, when senators are framing their laws for the protection of American labor and American industry.

Quay remarked that the report from which Tillman read was made by a republican committee, appointed by a republican legislature.

"And I am asking a republican congress to protect these people against 'protection,' declared Tillman. "Will you do it? dare you do it, or will you be satisfied with giving labor lip service?" He gave the extent of the slum element in New York, Baltimore, Chicago and other cities, and said that showed where the big republican majorities came from last year. He closed with a gloomy prediction that if the tide of immigration was not turned back the country would be torn by revolution and bloodshed and a repetition of the Paris communique.

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Valuable Books Lost.

Special Dispatch to the Standard.

Missoula, June 29.—Wallace P. Smith has received a letter from his brother in Iowa containing an account of the burning of the library of the state university of Iowa last week. The fire was a serious one and involved a loss of \$100,000 besides causing the death of one man. The law library of the institution was not destroyed. This will be sad news to the many alumni of this institution who are in Montana.

Summer Excursions via Northern Pacific Railway.

For the Elks' annual reunion at Minneapolis July 4-9, a rate of \$40.00, one fare for the round trip, has been named. Tickets will be sold July 3rd and 4th, good for 30 days.

For the National Educational meeting at Milwaukee, July 4-9, a round trip rate of \$51.70 has been made. Tickets will be on sale July 3rd-4th; final limit July 15th. By depositing ticket at Milwaukee the final limit will be extended to August 31st.

For the Christian Endeavor convention to be held at San Francisco in July, a round trip rate of \$48.00 has been made. The rate will apply all rail, or via steamer from Seattle or Portland. Tickets will probably be on sale June 30th to July 3rd, final limit August 15th.

A special excursion train leaves the Northern Pacific local depot every Sunday at 9:00 a. m. to Sappington, reaching Butte on the return trip at 9:00 p. m. The fare for the round trip to Sappington is \$1.00; Whitehall, \$1.50; Sacc's Ranch, \$2.00; Sappington, \$2.25.

Sales of Cattle.

Special Dispatch to the Standard.

Missoula, June 29.—Michel Pablo, who came to town with the shipment of buffalo that went East yesterday, is making some big sales of cattle at a good figure, and has more ready for the market. Mr. Pablo says that his daughter, who was seriously injured the last time that he was in town, is improving rapidly and is expected to leave the hospital in a few days.

Monday, July 5, R. A. & P. will make a rate of \$1.00 for round trip, Butte to Anaconda and return, good on all trains.

Secure a portfolio to-day of the Corbett-Fitzsimmons fight. "The Fight of the Century."

Land Contest.

Special Dispatch to the Standard.

Missoula, June 29.—The officials of the local land office have been busy for the past two days taking testimony in a contest case involving land that is now in the new Kalispell district. The decision will not be made here. There has also been in progress a hearing of testimony in a contest against the classification of lands by the mineral land commission.

C. S. Germain, architect, Room 1, Lewisohn building.

Sunday Excursion to Gregson.

The R. A. & P. will make a rate of \$1.00 for round trip, from Butte to Gregson and return, every Saturday and Sunday until further notice. Tickets good going on any passenger train leaving Butte between 5:00 p. m. Saturday and 9:00 a. m. Sunday. Return between Gregson between 9:00 a. m. Saturday and 12:00 o'clock Sunday night.

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One's Blood Relations.

From Ancestry.

Grandfathers and grandmothers are very proud when they can boast of having a paltry score or two of descendants, but no one seems to be aware of the grounds he has for boasting of the number of his ancestors.

Has it ever occurred to you to try to count back in a direct line? If not, try it now, and you will be astonished. At the first remove you have two—father and mother. At the next step you have four—two grandfathers and two grandmothers.

Each of these has a father and a mother, so you have four great-grandfathers and four great-grandmothers. Each of these, again, has had two parents, so that at the fourth generation back you have 16 ancestors, at the fifth you have 32, at the sixth you have 64 and at the seventh you have 128.

As you go a little farther they rise to the thousands, tens of thousands and hundreds of thousands, so that, if all your direct ancestors for 20 generations be added together, they amount to over 1,000,000 and if you go back another 20 degrees they will be 1,000,000,000—more people than there are in the world at the present moment, if you leave out Asia.

Now, as 40 generations are equal to only about 1,200 years, if you were to calculate back to the beginning of the world you simply couldn't find figures to express the number of your blood relations.

Paupers and the Drink Habit.

From the New Orleans Picayune.

Investigations made by the bureau of labor statistics of Massachusetts showed that of 3,220 paupers examined, 2,308, or 72.26 per cent, were addicted to the use of liquor; 806, or 25.31 per cent, were total abstainers, while in regard to the other 24, or 7.38 per cent, no information could be secured. Of the total abstainers 41 per cent were minors. Out of 2,308 cases 47.17 per cent attributed their pauperism to their own intemperate habits. In 1842, or 1843, out of 2,308 cases 47.17 per cent were addicted to drink.

A Thirty-Day June Note.

Golden sunsets gleaming; Music of the hills; June's the time for dreaming. But dreams won't pay the bills.

—Atlanta Constitution.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

For the full directions of use see the wrapper.



Ladies' Silk Mitts

The 40c quality are selling this week for..... 25c

Ladies' Black Silk Gloves made to retail at 50c, now..... 25c

Ladies' Handkerchiefs

Finely embroidered, strictly all linen, worth easily 50c each, now..... 25c

Sale of Ladies' Suits WHITE GOODS

FOR THE FOURTH.

White Checked 10c Nainsook..... 5c yard

White Fancy 12½c Dimity..... 8½c yard

White Figured 15c Dimity..... 10c yard

30c White Nainsook, rich satin stripe..... 12c

20c Fine White India Linen..... 12c

25c Good Quality India Linen..... 10½c

35c Special value India Linen..... 25c

Serge Suits

In black or navy, trimmed braid, worth \$8.50 and \$10, for \$5.00 each

Cheviot Suits

In fancy checks, jacket lined all through with silk, worth \$10 and \$12.50 each, \$7.50

Fancy Serge Suits

Handsomely braided, silk lined—a very effective costume, \$17.50 and \$18.50 garments, now only \$10.00

Ladies' High Novelty Suit

The production of the best manufacturers in the latest styles and newest materials. The linings and trims are first-class in every detail and every suit worth \$27 to \$30. No two are alike. Sizes 34 to 38. Your choice..... \$15.00

Ladies' Silk Mitts

The 40c quality are selling this week for..... 25c

Ladies' Black Silk Gloves made to retail at 50c, now..... 25c

Ladies' Handkerchiefs

Finely embroidered, strictly all linen, worth easily 50c each, now..... 25c

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The White Front Grocery is a veritable horn of plenty. Every bit of available space in its commodious rooms is filled with goods of finest quality. The Stock in this store is so replete with everything in its line that purchasers are sure to have their wishes filled with goods of their selection at taking prices and have their orders faithfully and promptly executed. These advantages are appreciated by all our patrons, who say:

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Large Dry Kilns in connection with the mill. Sash and Door Factory. Sash, Doors, Mouldings, Cedar Shingles and Pine Lath. Interior Hardwood or Pine, Hard Balsa, Balusters and Novel Posts. Scroll Sawing, Turning and Fancy Brackets. Over 2,000,000 feet No. 1 Clear Pine in stock, either yard seasoned or kiln dried. Estimates and price lists on application.

Mills at Hamilton, Montana.

YARDS: Offices and Yards, 400 Utah Avenue, South Butte. "Cor. Birch and Front Sts., Anaconda

A SIMILAR CASE.

A Little Inconsistency She Had Not Mentioned.

From the Washington Star.

They had been discussing the plans for a new house and it frequently occurred that his suggestion did not strike her approval.

"Everything seems to be out of proportion," she was saying.

"Why," he replied, "the picture that the architect drew looks first-rate. I was going to frame it and hang it up, whether we build the house or not."

"That shows your idea of consistency. Of course, the house is very well. But you realize, don't you, that it will have to stay exactly where we put it?"

"Unless a cyclone comes along."</